attack by a force nearly twice as large as his own. The party with Subadar Damar Singh was the first to charge the patrol, and one of the enemy had already unhooked his bomb and was about to throw it when Subadar Damar Sing, who had outstripped the rest of his men, unhesitatingly sprang on him and tore the bomb from his hand. Subsequently, Subadar Damar Sing voluntarily took a message across one hundred yards of exposed ground under heavy fire to another portion of our line, of which he took command until the attack was finally repulsed.

(1178 of 1918)

Jemadar Hasan Shah, 9th Hodson's Horse, (Egypt).

(1905 of 1918).

Risaldar MUKAND SINGH, Bahadur, 2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse). For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He led his troop at the gallop through the damaged wire of the enemy position, and engaged the retreating enemy with the lance, killing several of the enemy himself. Later, he assisted in organising the defence of the captured position, displaying great skill and energy and showing a fine example to his men.

(2084 of 1918).

Subadar Anthony, 2nd Sappers and Miners, (Mesopotamia).

(2542 of 1918),

Subadar (A. Subadar-Major) BHAGWAN SINGH, 2-124th D.C.O., Baluchistan Infantry. For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When his company commander was wounded early in an engagement, he took command and led the company with great courage and skill setting a most inspiring example to the men. Later, when the adjutant and the

Subadar-Major became casualties, he carried out their duties in addition to commanding his company, and rendered invaluable assistance during the ensuing night.

Jewadar Janak Singh, 37th Dogras. For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in an engagement. He led his men with great success continually exposing himself to the enemy's fire. Though severely wounded, he remained with his men until he was ordered to go to the aid post. He set a most inspiring example to all ranks by his courage and contempt of danger.

Subadar MIT SINGH, 47th Sikhs. For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When his company commander was wounded during an engagement, he at once took command and led the company with great coolness and skill. By his excellent dispositions he repelled a counter attack, and maintained the ground won. He set a magnificent example to his men.

(2542 of 1918).

Subadar HARNATH SINGH, I. O. M., 1-123rd Outram's Rifles. During an attack at dawn on the 11th April 1918, when there were heavy casualties, he was the only Indian officer left in that portion of the line. He assumed command of two platoous, rallied the men and three times gallantly led them against the enemy. His utter disregard for personal safety greatly inspired the men and set a splendid example to all.

Ressaidar BUR SINGH, 9th Hodson's Horse. On the night of the 22nd-23rd May 1918, in a raid on enemy trenches be led the attack on the right hand post with great dash and resolution. Though only leading a troop, he did not besitate to attack a post estimated to contain seventy-five or more of the enemy, under heavy machine gun and rifle fire at point blank range. His troop killed and wounded a large number of the enemy.

Jemadar Pola Khan, 1-101st Grenadiers. On the night of the 18th-19th June 1918, he was sent in command of a patrol of twelve other ranks. When nearing a village the patrol came across three of the enemy. The patrol called on the enemy to surrender, but this they showed no signs of doing making ready to throw bombs and open rifle fire. Seeing this Jemadar Pola Khan at once dashed forward, seizing the bomber with one hand and the rifle of another man with the other and calling on his men to follow. three of the enemy were captured. On seeing these three men captured, a party of the enemy about thirtyfive strong, who were apparently out as an ambush a short distance off, immediately charged, but were repulsed with loss. There is no doubt that but for Jemadar Pola Khan's cool courage and prompt action both in capturing the prisoners and conducting his fighting retirement with prisoners to guard, the patrol would have suffered badly, both in casualties and morale. He showed a splendid example and leadership, many of the men being under fire for the first time (2536 of 1918).

Capt. THAKUR DALPAT SINGH, Jodhpur Lrs., I.A. (Egypt). For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. This officer, accompanied only by his trumpeter, charged an entrenched machine gun, killing and scattering the crew and capturing the gun. At the same time he captured the commandant of a regiment and another officer.

(316 of 1919).

Jemadar Ami Lal, 3rd Skinner's Horse, attd. 16th Sqdn., M. G. V., (Mesopotamia). For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty when in charge of a sub-section of machine guns supporting the advance of the cavalry. Although exposed to heavy fire he conti-

nued to use his guns with great skill and coolness until the last squadron of cavalry had withdrawn. On another occasion he showed great coolness and judgment when in charge of led horses which were heavily shelled and suffered casualties.

Subadar DHIRAT SING PUNDIR, 2-39th Garhwal Rifles, (Mesopotamia). For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. His platoon throughout two days' operations was the most heavily engaged. He was posted on the right of the line, and came under severe enfilate fire. He displayed great courage, coolness and ability while directing the fire of his men, until a bullet broke his leg.

Ressaidar MUNSABDAR KHAN, 13th Lancers, (Mesopotamia). For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He was with a patrol which penetrated the enemy's lines gaining much valuable information and bringing back four prisoners, including two officers. He was of great assistance to his British officer in extricating the patrol from a position of considerable danger.

(465 of 1919), (Egypt).

Subadar Bhagat Singh, I.O.M, 27th Punjabis For conspicuous good leading, resource and determination throughout the attack on the 19th September 1918. When advancing on an enemy post, his company was heavily fired at by machine guns from another post on the right flank. Subadar Bhagat Singh, who was echeloned on his company's right flank, on his own initiative, took his platoon of 23 men and surrounded and captured the enemy garrison of 60 men and 2 machine guns. Later, when 4 enemy guns were located by scouts he took up his Lewis guns and under cover of their fire pushed forward and captured the

battery, killing part of the gun teams and capturing the remainder.

Subadar BHIKHAM SINGH, I.D.S.M., 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force). For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 20th September 1918. This officer without hesitating led his platoon through an intense cross machine gun barrage and captured an enemy position strongly held by machine guns. Though wounded three times he nevertheless continued to command and inspire his men for four hours until the position was everywhere secure. His extreme personal gallantry was beyond all praise.

Subabar Jhanda Singh, 72nd Punjabis. For conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty during the advance on the 19th September 1918. This officer led 3 platoons successfully through a heavy barrage to his final objective, which he captured and consolidated under heavy fire. During the attack he personally captured 3 of the enemy's officers and 3 men in a trench. He displayed throughout great courage and skill under difficult circumstances.

Subadar ATMA SINGH, 72nd Punjabis. For bravery and initiative in trying circumstances during the advance on the 19th September 1918, when owing to dust and smoke, communication with his company officer was lost, he successfully led his men through the enemy barrage and captured his objective. He displayed great skill and courage in re-organising his men, and quickly continuing his advance reached the final objective which he consolidated under heavy fire.

Subadar HARNAM SINGH, 93rd Burma Infantry. For gallantry in action on the 19th September 1918. The rapid advance of his battalion was largely due to his fearless leading. He captured several enemy machine gun posts and greatly assisted the troops on

the left of his battalion by charging 50 of the enemy in position on his flank.

Subadar Jiwan Khan, 101st Grenadiers. For conspicuous gallantry and the magnificent example he set to all ranks during the attack on the 20th September 1918. This officer was continually under very heavy and accurate rifle and machine gun fire for nine hours and never stopped a moment to rest. He was not content with the capture of the objective allotted to his company, but by pressing on materially aided in the capture of another place. His coolness and clearheadedness were as remarkable as his courage. In the face of the heaviest machine gun fire he retained a splendid grasp of the situation and was indefatigable in re-organising the line and ensuring that the Lewis guns were kept supplied with ammunition, often carrying the ammunition himself.

Subadar ALA SINGH, 107th Pioneers. On the 19th September 1918, this officer was assigned the task of clearing gaps in the enemy wire to allow free passage for the guns. He led the wire cutting party forward under heavy machine gun fire, and by his utter disregard of danger, set a splendid example to his men, who were under fire for the first time. The wire was quickly cleared thus letting the guns forward at the earliest possible moment.

Subadar Jangia Rana, I.D.S.M., Ist King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment). For conspicuous gallantry on the 19th September 1918. Seeing his company enfiladed by a machine gun and an automatic rifle, he at once on his own initiative diverted his platoon and, working round the flank, surprised and captured the crews. Later in the day he again worked round an enemy machine gun detachment which was holding up his company.

Subadar KAHAR SINGH ALE, Ist King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment). For great gallantiy in action on the 19th September 1918. A party of the enemy were in position so as to hold up this officer's battalion. He, however, moved out to the flank and after working round them captured the whole party, thus allowing the battalion to continue the advance and saving many casualties.

Subadar NAWAL SINGH RANA, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. For conspicuous gallantry on the 19th September 1918. When the British officer commanding his company was killed, he took command and led his men forward capturing a strong point with many prisoners. He showed a remarkable grasp of the situation and kept his men well in hand, and was largely responsible for the rapidity of the advance.

Subadar DALBIR GURUNG, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. For conspicuous gallantry in the attack on the 19th September 1918. He formed a party to outflank a strong point and led them against uncut wire, breaking through and capturing a large number of prisoners. He then re-organised his platoon and led it forward to the final objective. He was conspicuous throughout for his initiative and skilful handling of his platoon.

(631 of 1919.)

Risaldar NUR AHMED KHAN, I.O.M., 9th Hodson's Horse. On the 19th September 1918, this officer was in charge of the advance troop and acted with great dash and gallantry. He made several personal reconnaissances and sent back clear information. When checked by fire from an orchard, he collected his troop and cleared the place, securing 2 guns, 1 machine gun, some transport, 3 officers, and about 40 other ranks.

Jemadar Jai Lall, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse). On the 23rd September 1918, he accompanied Ressaidar Badlu Singh and helped to capture a position, from which 7 machine guns and about 200 Infantry were harassing the outflanking movement of the 29th Lancers. With conspicuous gallantry Jemadar Jai Lall charged right up to the machine guns under very heavy fire and assisted in their capture. During the charge he was badly wounded in the arm and leg.

Thakur Anop Singh, Bahadur, I.O.M., Captain in the Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers. On the 23rd September 1918, he led his squadron with the greatest dash and ability, when he successfully charged the enemy's position behind a Wall, capturing 3 guns, 4 machine guns, and many of the enemy. He then led his squadron through the north portion of the town, capturing many more prisoners, and rejoined the regiment at the final objective. He showed throughout the utmost contempt for danger.

KUNWAR SAGAT SINGH, Second Lieutenant in the Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers. On the 23rd September 1918, during an advance he twice went back under heavy fire to give orders to squadrous in the rear, afterwards rejoining the remainder of the regiment. Throughout the action he gave an example of complete disregard of danger and showed great coolness.

Subadar Muhammad Khan, 152nd Punjabis. For conspicuous gallautry on the 19th September 1918, when he took command of a company, his company commander having become a casualty. He showed great coolness moving up and down the line under heavy fire encouraging the men after they had been checked in the first assault. He organised a second

attack but was incapacitated at the outset by a grenade wound in the head. He set a fine example to his men. (878 of 1919).

Risaldar B. P. KRISHNE URS, I.D.S.M., Aysore Imperial Service Lancers. During the action of the 26th October 1918, this Indian officer showed great gallantry while leading his squadron in a charge against a strongly held enemy position under very heavy fire. He was severely wounded in the hand and chest, but continued to lead his squadron until exhaustion compelled him to fall out. His splendid example inspired all ranks.

(934 of 1919.)

Awarded a bar to the Military Cross for gallantry and devotion to duty in the field while serving with the Aden Field Force

Subadar Jiwan Khan, M.C., 2nd Battalion, The 101st Grenadiers. For conspicuous gallantry and skilful leading on the 14th December 1918. Under heavy machine gun and rifle fire this Indian officer led his platoon with great enterprise and courage, even after being wounded, and effected the capture of five Nordenfelt guns.

The award of the Military Cross was published in Army Department Notification No. 631, dated the 21st March 1919.

(2184 of 1919.) (Egypt.)

Subadar Kasinath Mane, 1st Battalion, 101st Grenadiers.

Subadar (A.-Subadar-Maj.) KHARAK SING THAPA, I.D.S.M., Ist Battalion, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar-Major Man Singh, 29th Punjabis.

Subadar-Major Mustak Singh, 1st Battalion, 152nd Punjabis.

Subadar Narsinghu, 38th Dogras, I.A.
Subadar Shaikh Abdullah, I.D.S.M., 93rd
Burma Intantry.

(2413 of 1919).

2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon BHAGWAN SINGH, I.O.M., Ind. Med Dept., (Mesopotamia). For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty at Sherqat, on 29th October 1918. When the regimental aidpost came under heavy fire, he displayed the utmost coolness in appeasing the wounded and alleviating their sufferings Throughout the action his conduct was a fine example to his subordinates.

Subadar DHANAJIRO KHANVILKAR, 114th Mahrattas, I.A, (Mesopotamia). For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty at Mushaq., on 26th October 1918. Although exposed to heavy fire, from which his command suffered many casualties he moved about fearlessly amongst his men encouraging them and directing their fire, until he himself was severely wounded. It was largely due to his fine example that his command rendered such excellent service.

Subadar-Major HASTURAM GURUNG, 1-7th Gurkha Rifle, I.A., (Mesopotamia.) For conspicuous gallantry and ability near Huwaish on the night of 28th-29th October 1918. He was in charge of a raiding party on a portion of the enemy's position. He carried out the raid successfully, and, in spite of opposition, brought back very valuable information. Throughout the operations from 23rd to 30th October 1918, he displayed marked gallantry on all occasions and set a fine example to his men.

Subadar JAIMAL SINGH, 14th Sikhs, I.A., (Mesopotamia.) For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty at Mushaq, on 26th October 1918. After his platoon had suffered heavy casualties he led

them to a more favourable position, from which he personally engaged the enemy with a Lewis gun. He showed the utmost coolness and skill under heavy fire, and his fine example had an inspiring effect on his men at a critical time.

Jemadar Keshao Talekar, 114th Mahrattas, I.A., (Mesopotamia.) For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty at Sherqat on 29th October 1918. When his own and another battalion were heavily counter attacked he held on to his position with great determination and gallantry. He then advanced his platoon under heavy fire to some high ground, and, driving the enemy out, maintained himself there throughout the night until the enemy surrendered at dawn.

Subadar LABH SINGH, 45th Sikhs, I.A., (Mesopotamia). For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty north of Sherqat, on 29th October 1918. When his battalion was strongly counter attacked on two sides he took up a position on a flank and eventually succeeded in driving back the enemy with considerable losses. He then went to the assistance of a garrison which was holding up the frontal attack and again drove the enemy back. A critical situation was thus saved by his gallant action.

Subadar NARAYAN SINGH, 1.D.S.M., 14th Sikhs, (Mesopotamia). For conspicuous gallantry and ability to command at Mushaq, on 26th October 1918, and at Sherqat on 29th October 1918 When his company commander was wounded early in the attack, he assumed command and displayed great coolness and resource in handling his men at a critical period. He set a spleudid example of courage and determination.

Subadar SAKHRAM POWAR, 114th Mahrattas, I.A., (Mesopotamia). For conspicuous gallantry and

devotion to duty at Sherqat, on 29th October 1918. When his company, commander had been killed heassumed command and led his company forward in the face of heavy fire, driving the enemy back and restoring the situation. He was eventually wounded himself. He did fine work.

Subadar Santabir Rai, 1-10th Gurkha Rifles, I.A., (Mesopotamia). For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty at Mushaq, on 26th October 1918, and at Sherqat, on 29th October 1918. During two strenuous days of hard fighting he commanded his platoon with marked ability and initiative. He was never at a loss what to do, and invariably acted with great judgment and coolness. His fine leadership inspired his men with the utmost confidence.

Subadar Shiu Ram Singh, I-112th Infantry, I.A., (Mesopotamia). For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty at Sherqat, on the night 29th-30th October 1918. Throughout the operations he handled

his platoon with the greatest courage.

Subadar Surbir Limbu, 1-10th Gurkha Rifle, I.A., (Mesopotamia). For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty at Mushaq, on the 26th October 1918. When separated from his British officers he displayed great initiative and judgment in handling his platoon under difficult circumstances. Throughout the operations he exhibited qualities of able leadership and courage until he fell severely wounded.

(2361 of 1919).

Subadar KEHAR SINGH, 45th Sikhs, I.A., (Mesopotamia). For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. During an attack on the enemy's position, six miles north of Sherqat, on the 29th October 1918, hecommanded his platoon with great skill and determination, although twice severely wounded. He held on